

Session 10: Assessment

Professor Alexander Paterson

Kathmandu, Nepal 23-26 November 2018



OVERVIEW OF THIS SESSION

Role of Assessment

What is assessment?

Purpose of assessment

Designing an assessment scheme

Assessment Options



WHAT IS ASSESSMENT?

'the process of defining, selecting, designing, collecting, analyzing interpreting and using information to increase students' learning and development of skills'

What do you want to assess?

purpose

Why do you want to assess it?

purpose

How do you propose to assess it?

form



PURPOSE OF ASSESSMENT

- To assess student understanding & application of course content
- To determine development of critical thought
- To provide feedback to students
- To evaluate student progress
- To rank students
- To meet accreditation requirements
- To evaluate course content & teaching methodology



DESIGNING AN ASSESSMENT SCHEME

PRESCRIPTIVE

benefits CONSULTATIVE

summative/formative

types of assessment

timing

mandatory/discretionary

once-off/continuous

individual/group





LINKING LEARNING & ASSESSMENT

knowledge

What is it that you wish to impart/convey to the student?

How best should this be taught?

How best can you assess that the student has learnt what you tried to teach?

skills





TRADITIONAL ASSESSMENT OPTIONS

EXAMINATION

written/oral

nature of questions

open/closed book

university/home

duration

weighting

RESEARCH PAPER

practical/theoretical

critical/descriptive

length

style/ref guidelines

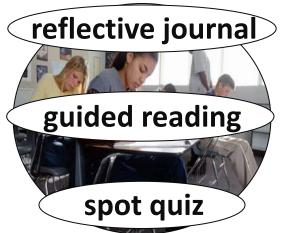
weighting





OTHER ASSESSMENT OPTIONS









ESTHER KIOBEL, ET AL., PETITIONERS,

ROYAL DUTCH PETROLEUM CO., ET AL., RESPONDENTS.

On Writ of Certiorari

to the United States Court of Appeals

for the Second Circuit

BRIEF OF AMICI CURIAE COMPARATIVE LAW SCHOLARS AND FRENCH SUPREME COURT JUSTICE IN SUPPORT OF PETITIONERS ON THE ISSUE OF EXTRATERRITORIAL

reports

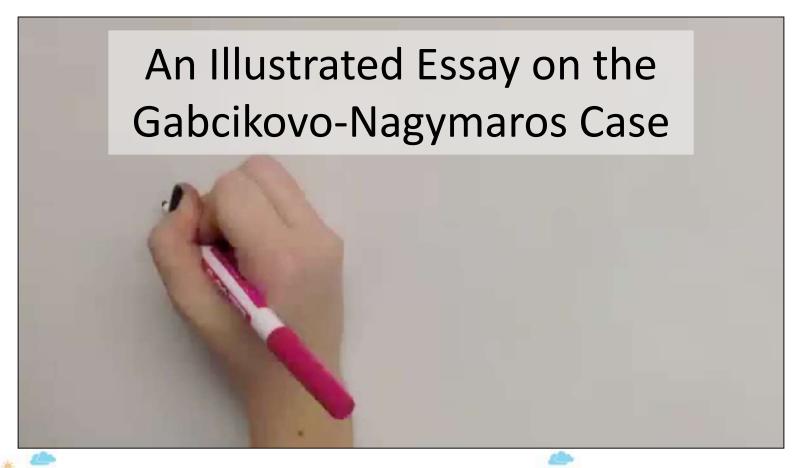








OTHER ASSESSMENT OPTIONS...





ASSESSMENT PLANNING

- Determine the forms of assessment and due dates well in advance of the course.
- Develop clear assessment criteria for each form of assessment
- Notify students at the beginning of the course of:
 - Forms of assessment
 - Due dates (and late submission penalties)
 - Assessment criteria
- Provide clarity on referencing requirements
- Notify students on consequences of plagiarism



ASSESSEMENT CRITERIA (FAIL)

- Student does not answer the question.
- Student fails to identify the key legal issues.
- Student includes content largely irrelevant to the question.
- Student fails to source and/or accurately apply the relevant laws, policies and cases.
- Student's work is not underpinned by satisfactory independent research.
- Student's work is plagiarised from another.
- Student's work is difficult or impossible to understand through poor use of grammar, expression, spelling or structure.



ASSESSMENT CRITERIA (MATRIX)

ENVIRONMENTAL LAW RESEARCH PAPER

KEY
U - Unacceptable VG - Very Good S - Satisfactory E - Excellent G - Good N/A - Not Applicable

CRITERIA	U	S	G	VG	Е	N/A
INDEPENDENT RESEARCH						
Explains accurately the key issues raised by the topic						
Analyses critically the different approaches discussed, including underlying theories or rationales						
Provides a reasoned explanation of any approaches advocated						
Quality of content						
MASTERY OF RESEARCH TOOLS AND LITERATURE REVIEW						
Demonstrates ability to find relevant case law and other primary material						
Demonstrates ability to find secondary material and, if necessary, to identify relevant jurisdictions for comparative analysis						
Demonstrates appropriate use of materials, including an appreciation of the authoritative weight of different types of material						
PRESENTATION						
Presents material clearly and logically						
Arguments are coherent and complete						
References consistently and thoroughly in an acceptable style						
Uses acceptable language, including correct grammar and spelling						

COMMENTS:

MARK:

performance thresholds

main criteria

sub-criteria

comments

mark





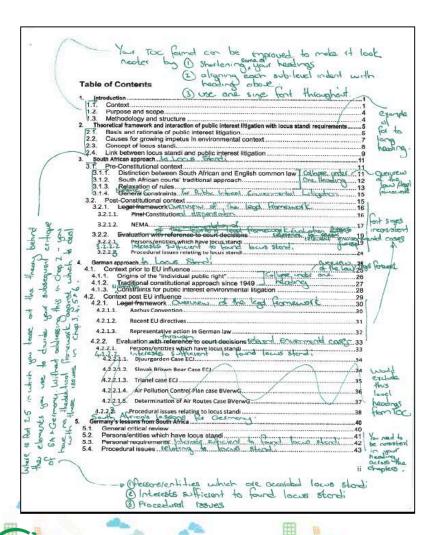
PROVIDING FEEDBACK TO STUDENTS

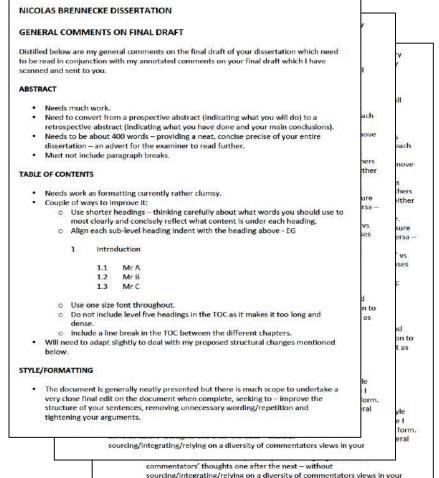






FORMATIVE FEEDBACK (EG)









CONSTRUCTIVE vs DESTRUCTIVE FEEDBACK

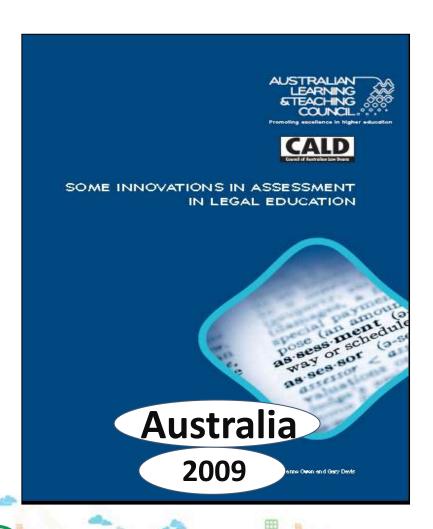








ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE



Assessment and Legal Education: What Is Assessment, and What the *# Does It Have to Do with the Challenges Facing Legal Education?

Ruth Jones*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	IN	TRODUCTION	86
II.	Wi	HAT IS ASSESSMENT?	88
	A.	The Elements of Assessment-Shifting the Emphasis from	
		Educational Inputs to Outputs	89
	B.	The Purpose of Assessment-Accountability and Improvement	91
	C.	Incorporating Assessment into Legal Education	93
	D.	The ABA Assessment Proposal	93
Ш.	Тн	E ELEMENTS OF ASSESSMENT FOR IMPROVEMENT	95
	A.	Learning Objectives	95
	B.	Criminal Procedure Course Goal	96
	C.	Criminal Procedure Learning Objectives	96
		1. Substantive Law	96
	D.	Categories of Learning Objectives	97
	E.	Using Learning Objectives and Blooms Taxonomy to Rethink the	
		Curriculum	
		1. Bloom's Cognitive Skills	98
		2. Using Learning Objectives to Think About Skills Training	99
	F.	The Process of Assessment	100
	G	Best Practices for Collecting Evidence of Student Learning	101
	H.	Incorporating Information into decision making to improve inputs	
		and/or teaching	102
IV.	As	SESSMENT A USA	103
	A.	Student Maste	104
	B.	Course-learning objectives and design.	104
	C.	Teaching Methods	106
	D.	Assessment and S(2013)	
		1. Diagnostic Asses. ZULJ	106
		2. Formative Assessment	107





OVERVIEW OF THIS SESSION

Role of Assessment

What is assessment?

Purpose of assessment

Designing an assessment scheme

Assessment Options



QUESTIONS



